M.Sc.(Chem.) Semester - 4 (*CBCS*) Examination
May/June-2021 (NEW COURSE)
Modern Spectroscopy (Elective)

Time: 1:30 Hours **Marks: 42**

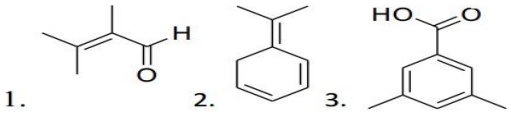
Instructions:

1. Figures to the right indicate marks.
2. There are five questions in the question paper.
3. Answer any three of the following questions.

Que-1(A) Discuss Bathochromic Shift and Hypsochromic Shift in UV spectroscopy. (04)

Que-1(B) **Answer any two questions out of three.** (10)

1. Describe types of electronic transitions in UV-visible range and discuss its energy order.
2. State and Derive Lambert-Beer's Law.
3. Calculate the wavelength (λmax) for following compounds:



1. 2. 3.

Que-2(A) Discuss any two non-fundamental modes of vibration observed in IR spectroscopy. (04)

Que-2(B) **Answer any two questions out of three.** (10)

1. Discuss solid sample handling techniques in IR spectroscopy.
2. Explain instrumentation of IR spectroscopy with schematic diagram.
3. Explain stretching and bending modes of vibration in IR spectroscopy.

Que-3(A) **Define the following terms:** (04)

1. Base peak
2. Parent ion peak
3. Metastable ion peak
4. Rearrangement ion peak

Que-3(B) **Answer any two questions out of three.** (10)

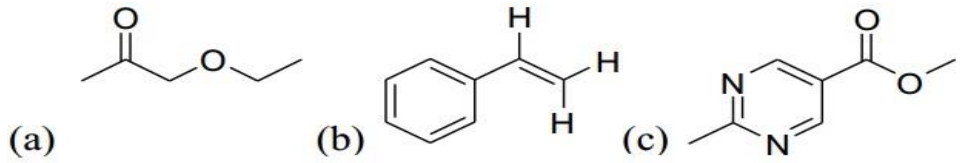
1. Discuss instrumentation of Mass spectroscopy with schematic diagram.
2. Explain McLafferty rearrangement with examples.
3. Discuss homolytic cleavage and heterolytic cleavage with example.

Que-4(A) **Answer the following questions** (04)

1. Give full form of COSY, NOESY, HSQC and HMBC.
2. Which types of nuclei are NMR active?

Que-4(B) **Answer any two questions out of three.** (10)

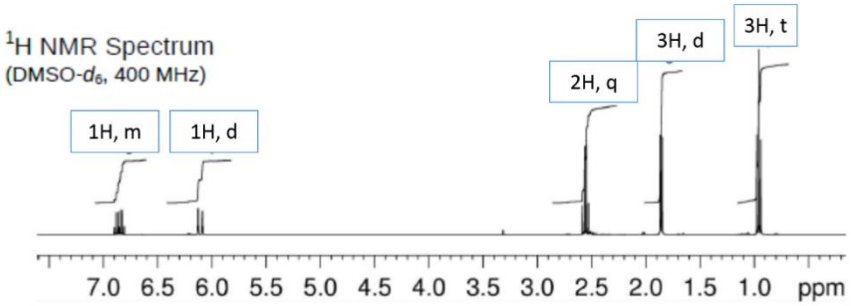
1. Predict the number of signals and its multiplicity for following compounds in NMR spectroscopy:



(a) (b) (c)

2. What is Magnetic Anisotropy? Explain with example.

3. Deduce the structure of the compound from the following ^{1}H NMR spectrum:
M.F: $C_6H_{10}O$



Que-5(A) Calculate the chemical shift value of carbon of following compounds: (04)

(i) 4-nitrobenzoic acid (ii) p-xylene (iii) 3-pentanol

Que-5(B) **Answer any two questions out of three.** (10)

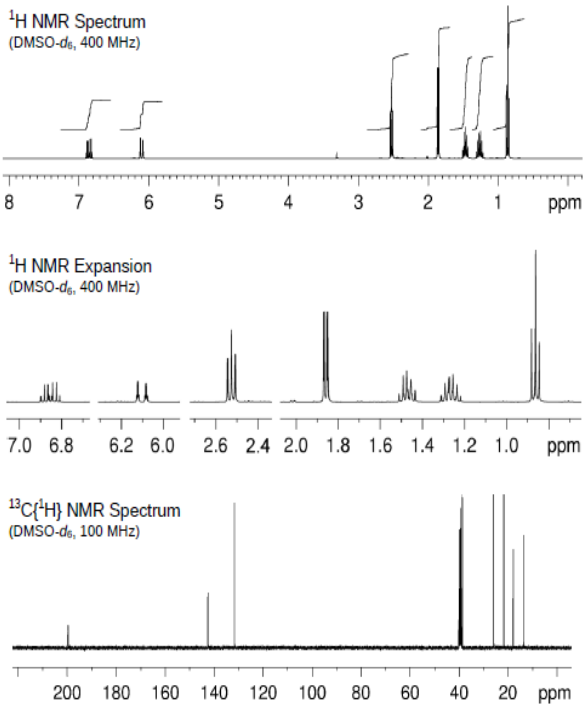
1. Give the number of signals and their multiplicity in the proton-noise decoupled and off-resonance decoupled ^{13}C NMR spectra of the following compounds:

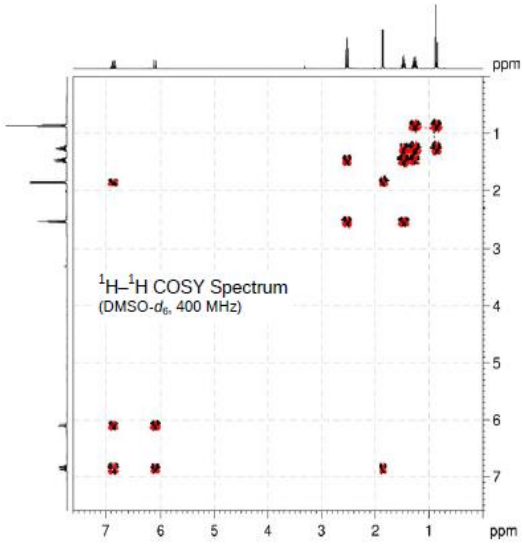
(a) Isopropyl benzene **(b)** 1-Pentene **(c)** Chlorobenzene

(d) p-Cresol **(e)** Benzaldehyde

2. Deduce the structure of compound from the given analytical data.
MW: 158 g/mol, Elements: C-60.8%, H-8.8%.
IR: 2910, 1830, 1750, 1410, 1385, 1365, 1225, 1050 cm^{-1}
PMR: a/septate/2H/2.73 δ ppm, b/doublet/12H/1.20 δ ppm.
CMR (Proton noise decoupled): 3 Signals (δ ppm: 18.8, 35.6 and 173.2)

3. Deduce the structure of compound from the given spectral data and interpret correlation peak in 2D NMR and assign protons.
MF C8H14O





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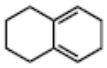
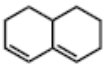
UV Spectroscopy

Woodward Fieser Rules for Dienes

	 *s-trans*	 homoannular (cisoid)	 heteroannular (transoid)
base values:	**217 nm**	**253 nm**	**214 nm**

Increments:

For each additional conjugated double bond		+ 30 nm
For each exocyclic double bond		+ 5 nm
For each alkyl group or Ring Residue		+ 5 nm
For each homodiene component		+ 39 nm
For each of the following groups:	- OR	+ 6 nm
	- O(C=O)R	+ 0 nm
	- Cl	+ 6 nm
	- Br	+ 6 nm
	- SR	+ 30 nm
	- NR_2	+ 60 nm
	- Ph	+ 60 nm

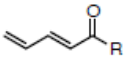
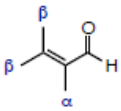
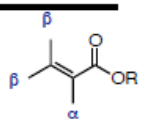
not affected by solvent

Where both types of cyclic dienes are present, the base with the longer λmax is used.

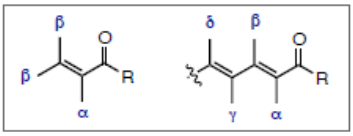
UV Spectroscopy

Solvent Correction	nm
H_2O	- 8
EtOH	0
$CHCl_3$	+ 1
Dioxane	+ 5
Et_2O	+ 7
Hydrocarbon	+ 11

Woodward Fieser Rules for Enones and other Conjugated Carbonyl System

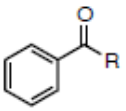
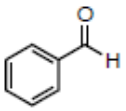
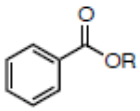
	 acyclic enone	 6-membered ring enone	 5-membered ring enone	 acyclic dienone	 aldehydes	 carboxylic acid or este
base values:	215 nm	215 nm	202 nm	245 nm	208 nm	195 nm

Increments:		α	β	γ	δ and higher
For each additional conjugated double bond		+ 30 nm			
For each exocyclic double bond		+ 5 nm			
For each homodiene component		+ 39 nm			
For each alkyl group		+ 10 nm	+ 12 nm	+ 18 nm	+ 18 nm
For each of the following groups:	- OH	+ 35 nm	+ 30 nm		+ 50 nm
	- OR	+ 35 nm	+ 30 nm	+ 17 nm	+ 31 nm
	- O(C=O)R	+ 6 nm	+ 6 nm		+ 6 nm
	- Cl	+ 15 nm	+ 12 nm		
	- Br	+ 25 nm	+ 30 nm		
	- SR	+ 30 nm	+ 85 nm		
	- NR_2	+ 60 nm	+ 95 nm		



UV Spectroscopy

Woodward Fieser Rules for Benzoyl Derivatives

			
	aryl ketones (R = alkyl)	**benzaldehydes**	**benzoic acids and esters**
base values:	**246 nm**	**250 nm**	**230 nm**

Increments:	ortho	meta	para
For each alkyl group or RR	+ 3 nm	+ 3 nm	+ 10 nm for RR +7 nm
For each OH or OR (R = alkyl)	+ 7 nm	+ 7 nm	+ 25 nm
For each $O^{\ominus}$	+ 11 nm	+ 20 nm	+ 78 nm
For each of the following groups:			
- Cl	+ 0 nm	+ 0 nm	+ 10 nm
- Br	+ 2 nm	+ 2 nm	+ 15 nm
- NH_2	+ 13 nm	+ 13 nm	+ 58 nm
- $NH(C{=}O)CH_3$	+ 20 nm	+ 20 nm	+ 45 nm
- $NHCH_3$			+ 73 nm
- $N(CH_3)_2$	+ 20 nm	+ 20 nm	+ 85 nm

Standard Data Sheet for IR spectroscopy

CHARACTERISTIC INFRARED ABSORPTION BANDS OF FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

Class of Compounds	Absorption, cm^{-1}	Intensity	Assignment
Alkanes and Alkyls	2850-3000	s	C-H stretch
	1450-1470	s	C-H bend
	1370-1390	m	CH_3 C-H bend
	1365 + 1395 (two bands)	m	$-CH(CH_3)_2$ or $-(CH_3)_3$ bend
	715-725	w	$-(CH_2)_n$ bend
Alkenes	3020-3140	w-m	=C-H stretch
	1640-1670	vw-m	C=C stretch
$RCH=CH_2$	910 + 990 (two bands)	m + s	=C-H bend
$RR'C=CH_2$	885-895	s	=C-H bend
cis-RCH=CHR'	665-730	m-s, broad	=C-H bend
trans-RCH=CHR'	960-980	s	=C-H bend
RCH=CR'R"	790-840	s	=C-H bend
Alkynes			
R-C≡C-H	3265-3335	s, sharp	≡C-H stretch
	2100-2140	m	C≡C stretch
	610-700	s, broad	≡C-H bend
R-C≡C-R'	2190-2260	vw-w	C≡C stretch
Alkyl halides			
R-F	1000-1350	vs	C-F stretch
R-Cl	750-850	s	C-Cl stretch
R-Br	500-680	s	C-Br stretch
R-I	200-500	s	C-I stretch
Alcohols	3300-3400	s, broad	O-H stretch
C=C-CH_2-OH	1035-1050	m-s	C-O stretch
R-CH_2-OH (1^o) or C=C-CH(R)-OH	1050-1085	m-s	C-O stretch
RR'CH-OH (2^o) or C=C-CRR'-OH	1085-1125	m-s	C-O stretch
RR'R"C-OH (3^o)	1125-1205	m-s	C-O stretch
Ar-O-H	1180-1260	m-s	C-O stretch
Ethers			
R-O-R'	1085-1150	s	C-O-C stretch
Ar-O-R	1020-1075 and 1200-1275 (two band)	m-s	=C-O-C sym. & asym. stretch
Aldehydes	2700-2725	m	H-C=O stretch
R-CH=O	1720-1740	s	C=O stretch
C=C-CH=O or Ar-CH=O	1685-1710	s	C=O stretch
Ketones			
RR'C=O	1710-1720	s	C=O stretch
C=C-C(O)-R	1665-1685	s	C=O stretch
Ar-C(O)-R	1675-1695	s	C=O stretch
four member cyclic	1770-1780	s	C=O stretch
five member cyclic	1740-1755	s	C=O stretch
six member cyclic	1710-1720	s	C=O stretch

Class of Compounds	Absorption, cm^{-1}	Intensity	Assignment
Carboxylic Acids	2500-3500	s, broad	O-H stretch
R-C(O)-OH	1710-1715	s, broad	C=O stretch
C=C-C(O)-OH or Ar-C(O)-OH	1680-1710	s	C=O stretch
Esters	aliphatic 1160-1210 acetates ~1240 aromatic 1250-1310	s-vs	O=C-O-C stretch
R-C(O)-O-R	1735-1750	s	C=O stretch
C=C-C(O)-O-R or Ar-C(O)-O-R	1715-1730	s	C=O stretch
R-C(O)-O-Ar	1760-1790	s	C=O stretch
Acyl Chlorides			
R-C(O)-Cl	1785-1815	s	C=O stretch
Ar-C(O)-Cl	1770-1800	s	C=O stretch
Anhydrides			
R-C(O)-O-C(O)-R	~1750 + ~1815	s,s	C=O symmetric
Ar-C(O)-O-C(O)-Ar	~1720 + ~1775 (both two bands)	s,s	& asym. stretch
Nitriles			
R-C≡N	2240-2260	m-s	C≡N stretch
C=C-C≡N or Ar-C≡N	2220-2240	s	C≡N stretch
Amines			
$R-NH_2$	~3400 + ~3500 (two bands)	w	N-H symmetric & asym. stretch
	1580-1650	w-m	N-H bend
RR'N-H	3310-33350	w	N-H stretch
Amides			
$R-C(O)-NH_2$	3200-3400 and 3400-3500 (two bands)	w-m	N-H symmetric & asym. stretch
	1650-1690	s, broad	C=O stretch
	1590-1655	m-s	N-H bend
R-C(O)-NH-R	3400-3500	w-m	N-H stretch
	1640-1690	s, broad	C=O stretch
	1510-1560	m-s	N-H bend
R-C(O)-NR'R"	1630-1680	m-s	C=O stretch
Nitro Compounds			
$R-NO_2$	~1550 and ~1370	s s	N-O symmetric & asym. stretch
C=C-NO_2 or Ar-NO_2	~1525 and ~1335 (both two bands)	s s	N-O symmetric & asym. stretch
Aromatic Compounds	3010-3100	m	Ar C-H stretch
	1450-1600 (two to four bands)	m-s sharp	ring C=C stretch
monosubstituted	730-770 and 690-710 (two bands)	s s	C-H bend C-H bend
o-disubstituted	735-770	s	C-H bend
m-disubstituted	750-810 and 690-710	s s	C-H bend C-H bend
p-disubstituted	810-840	s	C-H bend

Intensity abbreviations: vw = very weak, w = weak, m = medium, s = strong, vs = very strong

Standard chemical shift value (ppm from TMS)

^{13}C chemical shifts for some linear and branched-chain alkanes

Alkane	C-1	C-2	C-3	C-4	C-5
Methane	-2.5				
Ethane	5.7				
Propane	15.8	16.3	15.8		
Butane	13.4	25.2	25.2	13.4	
Pentane	13.9	22.8	34.7	22.8	13.9
Hexane	14.1	23.1	32.2	32.2	23.1
Heptane	14.1	23.2	32.6	29.7	32.6
Octane	14.2	23.2	32.6	29.9	29.9
Isobutene	24.5	25.4			
Isopentane	22.2	31.1	32.0	11.7	
Neopentane	31.7	28.1			
2,3-Dimethylbutane	19.5	34.3			
2,2,3-Trimethylbutane	27.4	33.1	38.3	16.1	
3-Methylpentane	11.5	29.5	36.9	(18.8, 3-CH_3)	

Olefinic carbons	
Substituent carbon C	**Correction**
α	+10.6
β	+7.2
γ	-1.5
α'	-7.9
B'	-1.8
γ'	-1.5
z (*cis*)	-1.1

Increments* (ppm) for substituents Y on alkanes

Substituent	α		β		γ
Y	Terminal	Internal	Terminal	Internal	
CH_3	+9	+6	+10	+8	−2
$HC{=}CH_2$	+20		+6		−0.5
$C{\equiv}CH$	+4.5		+5.5	+2	−3.5
COOH	+21	+16	+3	+2	−2
COO^-	+25	+20	+5	+3	−2
COOR	+20	+17	+3	+2	−2
COCl	+33	+28		+2	
$CONH_2$	+22		+2.5		−0.5
COR	+30	+24	+1	+1	−2
CHO	+31		0		−2
Phenyl	+23	+17	+9	+7	−2
OH	+48	+41	+10	+8	−5
OR	+58	+51	+8	+5	−4
OCOR	+51	+45	+6	+5	−3
NH_2	+29	+24	+11	+10	−5
NH_3^+	+26	+24	+8	+6	−5
NHR	+37	+31	+8	+6	−4
NR_2	+42		+6		−3
NH_3^+	+31		+5		−7
NO_2	+63	+57	+4	+4	
CN	+4	+1	+3	+3	−3
SH	+11	+11	+12	+11	−4
SR	+20		+7		−3
F	+68	+63	+9	+6	−4
Cl	+31	+32	+11	+10	−4
Br	+20	+25	+11	+10	−3
I	−6	+4	+11	+12	−1

Increments in the shifts of the aromatic carbon atoms of monosubstituted benzenes (ppm from benzene at 128.5 ppm)

Substituent	C-1	C-2 (*ortho*)	C-3 (*meta*)	C-4 (*para*)
H	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
CH_3	+9.3	+0.7	–0.1	–2.9
CH_3CH_2	+15.6	–0.5	0.0	–2.6
$CH(CH_3)_2$	+20.1	–2.0	0.0	–2.5
$HC{=}CH_2$	+9.1	–2.4	+0.2	–0.5
C_6H_5	+12.1	–1.8	–0.1	–1.6
F	+35.1	–14.3	+0.9	–4.5
Cl	+6.4	+0.2	+1.0	–2.0
Br	–5.4	+3.4	+2.2	–1.0
I	–32.2	+9.9	+2.6	–7.3
OH	+26.6	–12.7	+1.6	–7.3
OCH_3	+31.4	–14.4	+1.0	–7.7
CHO	+8.2	+1.2	+0.6	+5.8
$COCH_3$	+7.8	–0.4	–0.4	+2.8
COOH	+2.9	+1.3	+0.4	+4.3
CN	–16.0	+3.6	+0.6	+4.3
NO_2	+19.6	–5.3	+0.9	+6.0
NH_2	+19.2	–12.4	+1.3	–9.5
$NHCOCH_3$	+11.1	–9.9	+0.2	–5.6
$COOCH_3$	+2.0	+1.2	–0.1	+4.8

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